PERSONNEL-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS EMPLOYEE COMPLAINTS/GRIEVANCES

United States Constitution	The District shall take no action abridging the freedom of speec the right of the people to petition the Board for redress of griev- ances. U.S. Const. Amend. I, XIV	h or	
	The Board may confine its meetings to specified subject matter and may hold nonpublic sessions to transact business. But whe the Board sits in public meetings to conduct public business and hear the views of citizens, it may not discriminate between spea ers on the basis of the content of their speech or the message i conveys. <u>Rosenberger v. Rector & Visitors of Univ. of Virginia</u> , & U.S. 819, 828 (1995); <u>City of Madison v. Wis. Emp. Rel. Commit</u> 429 U.S. 167, 174 (1976); <u>Pickering v. Bd. of Educ.</u> , 391 U.S. 56 568 (1968) [See DG]	n d ak- t 5 <i>15</i> <u>n</u> ,	
Texas Constitution	Employees shall have the right, in a peaceable manner, to assemble together for their common good and to apply to those invested with the powers of government for redress of grievances or other purposes, by petition, address, or remonstrance. <i>Tex. Const. Art. I, Sec. 27</i>		
	There is no requirement that the Board negotiate or even response to complaints. However, the Board must stop, look, and listen as must consider the petition, address, or remonstrance. <u>Prof1Ass</u> <u>of College Educators v. El Paso County Cmty. [College] District</u> , 678 S.W.2d 94 (Tex. App.—El Paso 1984, writ ref'd n.r.e.)	nd : <u>'n</u>	
Federal Laws Section 504	A district that receives federal financial assistance, directly or in rectly, and that employs 15 or more persons shall adopt grievan procedures that incorporate appropriate due process standards and that provide for the prompt and equitable resolution of complaints alleging any action prohibited by Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973. 34 C.F.R. 104.7(b), .11		
Americans with Disabilities Act	A district that employs 50 or more persons shall adopt and publ grievance procedures providing for prompt and equitable resolu of complaints alleging any action that would be prohibited by the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 28, Part 35 (Americans with abilities Act regulations). <i>28 C.F.R. 35.107, .140</i>	ition e	
Title IX	A district that receives federal financial assistance, directly or in rectly, shall adopt and publish grievance procedures providing for prompt and equitable resolution of employee complaints allegin any action prohibited by Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972. 34 C.F.R. 106.8(b); North Haven Bd. of Educ. v. Bell, 456 U.S. 512 (1982)	or Ig of	
State Laws Wages, Hours,	The prohibition against collective bargaining and strikes [see DGA does not impair the right of employees to present grievances con-		
Conditions of Work	cerning their wages, hours of employment, or conditions of work	۲,	
DATE ISSUED: 10/7/2013 1 of UPDATE 98			

PERSONNEL-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS EMPLOYEE COMPLAINTS/GRIEVANCES

		either individually or through a representative that does not claim he right to strike. <i>Govt Code 617.005</i>		
		The term "conditions of work" should be construed broadly to in- clude any area of wages, hours or conditions of employment, and any other matter that is appropriate for communications from em- ployees to employer concerning an aspect of their relationship. <i>Atty. Gen. Op. JM-177 (1984); Corpus Christi Fed. of Teachers v.</i> <i>Corpus Christi Indep. Sch. Dist.</i> , 572 S.W.2d 663 (Tex. 1978)		
		The statute protects grievances presented individually or individual grievances presented collectively. <u>Lubbock Prof'l Firefighters v. City</u> of Lubbock, 742 S.W.2d 413 (Tex. App.—Amarillo 1987, writ ref'd n.r.e.)		
ł	Representative	The District cannot deny an employee's representative, including an attorney, the right to represent the employee at any stage of the grievance procedure, so long as the employee designates the rep- resentative and the representative does not claim the right to strike. <u>Lubbock Prof'l Firefighters v. City of Lubbock</u> , 742 S.W.2d 413 (Tex. App.—Amarillo 1987, writ ref'd n.r.e.); <u>Sayre v. Mullins</u> , 681 S.W.2d 25 (Tex. 1984)		
		The District should meet with employees or their designated repre- sentatives at reasonable times and places to hear grievances con- cerning wages, hours of work, and conditions of work. The right to bresent grievances is satisfied if employees have access to those in a position of authority to air their grievances. However, that au- hority is under no legal compulsion to take action to rectify the matter. <i>Atty. Gen. Op. H-422 (1974); Corpus Christi Indep. Sch.</i> <i>Dist. v. Padilla, 709 S.W.2d 700 (Tex. App.—Corpus Christi, 1986,</i> no writ)		
E	Employment Policy	The District's employment policy must provide each employee with he right to present grievances to the Board.		
		The policy may not restrict the ability of an employee to communi- cate directly with a member of the Board regarding a matter relat- ing to the operation of the District, except that the policy may pro- hibit ex parte communication relating to:		
		A hearing under Education Code Chapter 21, Subchapter E (Term Contracts) or F (Hearing Examiners); and		
		 Another appeal or hearing in which ex parte communication would be inappropriate pending a final decision by the Board. 		
		Education Code 11 1513		

Education Code 11.1513

PERSONNEL-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS EMPLOYEE COMPLAINTS/GRIEVANCES

Grievance Policy	The District's grievance policy must permit an employee to report a grievance against a supervisor to a different supervisor if the employee alleges that the supervisor:				
	1. Violated the law in the workplace; or				
	2. Unlawfully harassed the employee.				
Telephone Representation	If the District's grievance policy provides for representation, the policy must permit an employee's representative to represent the employee through a telephone conference call at any formal grievance proceeding, hearing, or conference at which the employee is entitled to representation according to the policy. This provision applies to grievances under Education Code 11.171(a) and only if the District has the equipment necessary for a telephone conference call.				
	Education Code 11.171(a), (c)				
Audio Recording	The District's grievance policy must permit an employee who re- ports a grievance to make an audio recording of any meeting or proceeding at which the substance of a grievance that complies with the policy is investigated or discussed. The implementation of an employee's authorization to make an audio recording may not result in a delay of any time line provided by the grievance policy. The District is not required to provide equipment for the employee to make the recording. <i>Education Code 11.171(b)</i>				
Finality of Grades	An examination or course grade issued by a classroom teacher is final and may not be changed unless the grade is arbitrary, errone- ous, or not consistent with the District's grading policy applicable to the grade, as determined by the Board.				
	The Board's determination is not subject to appeal.				
	Education Code 28.0214				
Open Meetings Act	The Board is not required to conduct an open meeting to hear a complaint or charge against an employee. However, the Board may not conduct a closed meeting if the employee who is the subject of the hearing requests a public hearing. <i>Gov't Code 551.074</i> [See BEC]				
Closed Meeting	The Board may conduct a closed meeting on an employee com- plaint to the extent required or provided by law. <i>Govt Code</i> 551.082 [See BEC]				
Record of Proceedings	An appeal of the Board's decision to the Commissioner shall be decided based on a review of the record developed at the District level. "Record" includes, at a minimum, an audible electronic				

PERSONNEL-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS EMPLOYEE COMPLAINTS/GRIEVANCES

	recording or written transcript of all oral testimony or argument. <i>Education Code</i> 7.057(c), (f)				
	the pres issu	proce serve es tha	istrict's responsibility to make and preserve the records of eedings before the Board. If the District fails to create and the record without good cause, all substantial evidence at require missing portions of the record for resolution leemed against the District. The record shall include:		
	 A tape recording or a transcript of the hearing at level. If a tape recording is used: 		pe recording or a transcript of the hearing at the local I. If a tape recording is used:		
a. The tape recordin clear; and		a.	The tape recording must be complete, audible, and clear; and		
	b. Each speaker must be clearly		Each speaker must be clearly identified.		
	2.	All e	vidence admitted;		
	3.	All o	ffers of proof;		
	4.	All written pleadings, motions, and intermediate rulings;			
	5.	A description of matters officially noticed; If applicable, the decision of the hearing examiner;			
	6.				
	7.	A tape recording or transcript of the oral argument before the Board; and			
	8.	The	decision of the Board.		
	197	TAC 1	57.1073(d)		
Whistleblower Complaints	mer the sion	Before bringing suit, an employee who seeks relief under Govern- ment Code Chapter 554 (whistleblowers) must initiate action under the District's grievance or appeal procedures relating to suspen- sion or termination of employment or adverse personnel action. <i>Gov't Code 554.006</i> [See DG]			